

# Green Procurement Guidelines



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Yamaha Motor Co., Ltd.

Since we announced our Environmental Action Plan in 1999, we at Yamaha Motor Co., Ltd. have been tackling environment-related activities on a companywide basis. That means we have not only reduced carbon dioxide emissions from our plants but also promoted recycling and cut down on the use of environmentally hazardous substances in our products. We have also improved the way our products are distributed and taken an proactive approach to raising the awareness of each and every employee regarding the environment.

We have taken steps toward the “sustainable development” needed to create a recycling-type society for the 21st Century through corporate activities based on co-existence with the global environment.

Inherent in the phrase “extended producer responsibility” is the requirement that companies take responsibility for their products and services until they have been scrapped and processed. In particular, products that generate a lot of wastes must be handled on an individual basis, and in line with this, a self-imposed motorcycle recycling program has been in effect since October 2004 in Japan.

Under such conditions, countries around the world are jostling to introduce regulations to ban or reduce environmentally hazardous substances, and the results of such bans and reductions must be reflected in products. We cannot reach this goal unless we promote reduction activities starting from the “point” that the Yamaha Motor Company is a single company and act on the “plane” that we are a team that includes not only all the domestic and foreign companies of the Yamaha Motor group but also our business partners, with whom we share a sense of values.

In addition, we are stepping up our involvement with a “comprehensive business perspective” and a “global perspective,” and are controlling and cutting down on environmentally hazardous substances and participating in the acquisition of ISO14001 as our main environment-responsive efforts toward the realization of green procurement both within and outside the Yamaha Motor group.

To further promote these activities, we have issued these Green Procurement Guidelines to clarify the company approach to environmental responsiveness, as well as its criteria, with the aim of reducing environmentally hazardous substances that exist in both products and parts. And we will periodically revise these guidelines every year to keep pace with the ever-changing environmental trends. This publication is a plea to avoid pollution due to environmentally hazardous substances and for the effective utilization of energy and resources, and it is positioned as part of our development of environmental involvement both within and outside the Yamaha Motor group and as one of our procurement transaction standards. In order to share our targets for banning and reducing environmentally hazardous substances, we are promoting a strong collaboration between the Yamaha Motor group and its business partners.



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## 1. Purpose for the Establishment and the Application Range

In order to “identify environmentally hazardous substances and support the use of alternatives” based on the “Yamaha Motor Group Environmental Plan 2020,” Yamaha Motor Co., Ltd. has issued its own guidelines for the procurement activities in a spirit of self-imposed actions in order to efficiently promote the activities on reduction of the designated Environmentally Hazardous Substances (hereinafter referred to as EHS.)

These guidelines are applied to all the products, parts, raw materials, sub materials, packaging materials, services, etc. (hereinafter referred to as Purchases etc.) purchased for production and sales by Yamaha Motor group.

## 2. Yamaha Motor Group Activities for Environment Preservation

### 2.1 Approach Regarding the Global Environment

To advance our work towards environmental preservation, Yamaha Motor Co., Ltd. promotes activities in line with our Corporate Philosophy and Basic Policies of CSR.

< Corporate Philosophy (excerpt) >

=Fulfilling social responsibilities globally=

As a good corporate citizen, we act from a worldwide perspective and in accordance with global standards. We must conduct our corporate activities with concern for the environment and communities and fulfill our social responsibility with honesty and sincerity.

< CSR Policy (excerpt) >

Yamaha Motor group strives to contribute to the sustainable development of society through our business activities based on our corporate philosophy and to always abide by the letter and spirit of domestic and international laws and regulations. We are dedicated to earning the trust of the global community, and we place great value on communicating with all stakeholders. We expect all of our business partners to share our principles and to act in accordance.

=The Environment=

- We develop environmental technologies to create products that balance economic needs with environmental well-being.
- We aim to minimize the environmental impacts of our operations and make efficient use of limited natural resources.
- We form wide-ranging partnerships with communities around the world to perform environmental conservation activities.

### 2.2 Environmental Activities

Yamaha Motor group has developed the “Environmental Action Plan,” promoted various activities for reduction of environmental impacts from the global point of view, and, to be more precise, established the “5 Issues” and the “4 Approaches.”

< 5 Issues >

- 1) Eco-friendly products
- 2) Energy/CO2
- 3) 3R (Reduce, Reuse, Recycle)
- 4) Environmentally Hazardous Substances
- 5) Sensation of Environment (Noise, Vibration, Smell, Scenery, etc)

< 4 Approaches >

- 1) Cooperation with consolidated companies and business partners
- 2) Improvement in environmental awareness for each person
- 3) Environmental communication
- 4) Risk reduction

### 3. Yamaha Motor Group Green Procurement

#### 3.1 Approach to the Green Procurement

Yamaha Motor group strives to reduce environmental impacts on products and implements activities aiming to realize the “formation of a cyclical society” through partnership with the business partners. We would appreciate full understanding of the Yamaha Motor Group Policy and cooperation in the activities.

##### 1) Reduction of Environmental Impacts through the Activities as a Company (Business Activities, Products)

The roles of the reducing environmental impacts, which business activities and products perform, are extremely significant in realization of sustainable cyclical social system. Therefore, we promote environmental activities on the entire life cycle from the material procurement, manufacturing, distribution, utilization by the customers, and to the disposal from the following perspective.

- (1) Avoidance of pollution caused by Environmentally Hazardous Substances
- (2) Efficient utilization of energy
- (3) Effective utilization of resources

##### 2) Reduction of Environmental Impacts through the Partnerships with the Business Partners

- (1) Reduction of environmental impact at disposal of product  
Promotion of 3R (Reduce, Reuse, Recycle)
- (2) Reduction of environmental impact through active environmental communication  
Promote reduction of the environmental impact efficiently at the stage of procurement through active release of the information
- (3) Reduction of environmental impact by active adoption of eco-friendly Purchases etc.

#### 3.2 Criteria for the Green Procurement

In addition to the current procurement criteria such as quality, price, and speed of delivery, Yamaha Motor group considers environmental activities at the business partners for one of the procurement criteria. We promote procurement of eco-friendly Purchases etc.

The evaluation criteria for Green Procurement are as follows (*continues on page 3*):

(continued from page 2)

1) Consideration for Environmental Preservation on the supplies

(1) Consideration of the environment impacts caused by Environmentally Hazardous Substances

(1)-1 **“S (Stop) substances”** designated by Yamaha Motor group shall not be contained in products supplied.

“S substances” are indicated in “Table 1: Banned Substances” and “Table 2: Substances to Seek Alternative for.”

(1)-2 **“D (Decrease) substances”** designated by Yamaha Motor group shall be reduced, or emissions limited, in the contents of products supplied.

“D substances” are indicated in “Table 3: Substances for Reduction and Control.”

(1)-3 **“C substances”** determined by Yamaha Motor group are the substances to be managed by PRTR laws, etc. These are not listed in a table, but the consumption shall be recognized, managed, and approached to control the emission.

(“C substances” are shown in “Table 4: Substances for Monitoring and Control of Use”.)

When specific substances are added, deleted or revised, “Table 1: Banned Substances,” “Table 2: Substances to Seek Alternative for,” “Table 3: Substances for Reduction and Control,” and “Table 4: Substances for Monitoring and Control of Use” will be revised.

\* “(1) Consideration of the environment impacts caused by Environmentally Hazardous Substances,” is applied to “Purchases to be sold as products by Yamaha Motor group.” However, this is overridden if there exists a guideline or overall schedule of reduction of environmentally hazardous substances specific to overseas business sites, or group companies according to specific characteristics of products and parts, and attributes of the region.

(2) Efficient Utilization of Energy

(2)-1 Attempt to reduce energy consumptions on the entire life cycle (manufacturing, transport process, etc.) of the supplies

(2)-2 Attempt to improve efficiency of energy consumption on the supply itself

(3) Effective Utilization of Resources (Reduce, Reuse, Recycle)

(3)-1 Consider Resource-saving

- Reduction of natural resource consumption
- Reduction of packing materials
- Reduction of resources input and industrial emissions at manufacturing stage and reduction of waste materials

(3)-2 Consider possibility of Reuse (simplicity of reuse, product longevity, etc.)

(3)-3 Consider possibility of Recycle (material recycle, thermal recycle, etc.)

(3)-4 Consider simplicity of treatment and disposal (simplification of disassembly and crushing disposal, etc.)

## 2) Construction of System to Secure the Environmental Preservation

[fulfill one of the followings (1)-(3) conditions]

- (1) Establish Environmental Management System through acquisition of ISO14001 certification.
- (2) Participate in the “Environmental Activities Evaluation Program (Eco-Action 21.)” by the Ministry of the Environment (Applied only in Japan)
- (3) Fulfill all the followings if not in the above case
  - (3)-1 Establish “Environmental Policy,” “Goals and action plans to achieve the goals” regarding environmental preservation.
  - (3)-2 Register officer, organization, and the like in charge of environmental preservation and perform appropriate environmental management activities with a reduction goal.
  - (3)-3 Comply with the statutes regarding environmental preservation.
  - (3)-4 Implement active activities toward environmental preservation on the following items (establish a system and evaluate by operation of self-imposed standard)
    - Energy management
    - Waste material management
    - Chemical substance management
    - Education on environmental preservation
  - (3)-5 Clarify a measure against an emergency circumstance on environmental preservation

## 4. Requests to Business Partners

For our business partners, we appreciate your cooperation in the followings.

### 4.1 Survey on environment preservation activities

We would like to implement a survey on the state of environment preservation activities at the business partners.

### 4.2 Investigation on Environmentally Hazardous Substances contained in supplies

In order to recognize EHS contained in supplies to Yamaha Motor group and its amount, we would like to implement investigations such as a report of usage status or submission of MSDS documents.

Also, we would implement a similar investigation into states of both usage and reduction of the EHS at the entire manufacturing process of the supplies if concluded necessary.

### 4.3 Conclusion of a memorandum regarding the reduction of the environmental impacts

If it is judged necessary in order to ensure the reduction of the environmental impacts in supplies to Yamaha Motor group, we may request conclusion of memorandum stating cooperation in the investigation.

### 4.4 Submission of a Declaration of Non-Inclusion of Environmentally Hazardous Substances

To rigorously control banned substances in products supplied to the Yamaha Motor group, we may ask suppliers to submit a Declaration of Non-Inclusion. When deemed necessary, we may also ask for submission of evidence, such as analysis results, that environmentally hazardous substances are not included.

**Table 1: Banned Substances**

Lists substances that should not be included in product supplied.

Inclusion standards such as unintentional inclusion and by-products shall comply with the relevant Act. For substances (applications) prohibited by regulation in specific countries or regions, the regulation takes precedence.

	Governing Statutes	Name of Banned Substances
Sa	Substances specified in the Law Concerning the Protection of the Ozone Layer Through Control of Specified Substances and Other Measures (see separate Enforcement Order table)	CFC, Halon, Carbon tetrachloride, 1.1.1.trichloroethane, HCFC, HBFC, Methyl bromide
Sc	The class I specified chemical substances in law concerning the evaluation of chemical substances and regulation of their manufacture, etc. (Article 1 of Enforcement Order)	Polychlorinated biphenyls, Polychlorinated naphthalenes, Hexachlorobenzene, Aldrin, Dieldrin, Endrin, DDT, Chlordane, etc. Bis (tributyltin) = oxide, Phenylenediamine (N, N'-ditolyl-p-phenylenediamine, N-tolyl-N'-xylyl-p-phenylenediamine or N,N'-dixylyl-p-phenylenediamine only), 2,4,6-tri-tert-butylphenol, Polychloro-2, 2-dimethyl-3 methylidenbicyclo [2.2.1] heptane (Toxaphene), Dodeca chloropentacyclodecane (Mirex), 2.2.2-Trichloro-1,1-Bis (4-Chlorophenil) ethanol (Kersen or Dicofol), Hexachlorobuta-1,3-diene, 2-(2H-1, 2, 3-benzotriazole-2-yl)-4, 6-di-tert-butylphenol, Perfluorooctanesulfonate (PFOS) or its Salts
Sd	The class II specified chemical substances in law concerning the evaluation of chemical substances and regulation of their manufacture, etc. (Article 1.2 of Enforcement Order)	Trichloroethylene, Tetrachloroethylene, Triphenyl tin compounds, Tributyl tin compounds,
Se	Hazardous substances banned to manufacture specified in enforcement regulations of the Occupational Safety and Health Act (Article 16 of Enforcement Order)	Yellow phosphorous matches, Benzidine and its Salts, 4-aminodiphenyl and its Salts, Asbestos 0.1% or more, 4-nitrodiphenyl and its Salts, Bis (chloromethyl) ether, Beta naphthylamine and its Salts, Rubber cement containing benzene (5% or more)
Sf	Banned substances by EU-ELV directive	Lead, Hexavalent chromium, Mercury, Cadmium (Exclude utilization corresponding to Table 2)
Sg	Substances banned by self-imposed standard	Azo compounds <sup>1)</sup> , Dichloromethane <sup>2)</sup>
Sh	The type I monitoring chemical substances in law concerning the evaluation of chemical substances and regulation of their manufacture, etc. (Article 2.4 of Enforcement Order)	1,2,5,6,9,10-Hexabromocyclododecane (HBCD)

Notes:

1) The scope is limited to substances requiring prolonged contact with the human body and generate specified Amine over 30 ppm when decomposed.

2) If the substance is no more than 100 ppm (0.01wt%), it shall be regarded as containing no EHS.

**Table 2: Substances to Seek Alternative for**

Lists substances, by application, that should not be included in products supplied subsequent to commencement of prohibition.

Inclusion standards such as unintentional inclusion and by-products shall comply with the relevant Act. For substances (applications) prohibited by regulation in specific countries or regions, the regulation takes precedence.

Restriction S1: Monitor the consumption and complete alternative substances or elimination by the deadline (deadline may be revised)  
S2: Monitor the consumption and promote replacement when alternative technology is finalized and available, but initiation date of the prohibition is not established

	Object Substances	Restriction	Utilization	Initiation Date of the prohibition <sup>1) 2)</sup>	Examples of parts
Sf	Lead	S1	Aluminum for machining purposes (1 < lead ≤ 2wt%)	2005/7/1	
			Aluminum for machining purposes (lead ≤ 1wt%)	2008/7/1	A2011 material
			Wheel balance weights	2005/7/1	
			Valcanizing agents and stabilizers for elastomers in fluid handling and powertrain applications	2005/7/1	
			Stabilizer in protective paints	2005/7/1	
			Carbon brushes for electric motors	2005/1/1	
			Ignition agent	2007/7/1	
			Copper in brake lining (lead more than 0.5wt%)	2004/7/1	
			Valve seats	2006/7/1	
			Glass in bulbs and glaze of spark plugs	2005/1/1	
			Lead contained in Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC)	2005/7/1	Grip, Harness Coating, Seat leather
			Lead contained in plastic or rubber other than Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC)	2005/7/1	
			S2	Solder in electronic circuit boards and other electric applications	-
	Battery	-			
	Vibration control device (Vibration Damper)	-		Grip end	
	Electrical components which contain lead in a glass or ceramic matrix compound (except glass in bulbs and glaze of spark plugs)	-		Piezo element	
	Steel for machining purposes and galvanized steel (lead ≤ 0.35Wt%)	-		Steel for machining purpose with a lead and turn-seat	
	Copper alloy (lead ≤ 4Wt%)	-			
	Lead-bronze bearing shells and bushes	-			
	Hexavalent Chromium	S1	Chromate in Zinc plating (White, Yellow)	2005/7/1 <sup>3)</sup>	
Chromate in Zinc plating (Black, Green)			2007/1/1		
Zinc-iron alloy coating, zinc-nickel alloy coating			2007/1/1 <sup>4)</sup>		
Organic combined coating treatment			2007/1/1		
Zinc dust and chromic acid oxidization combined coating (dacrotized)			2007/1/1 <sup>4)</sup>		
Chemical conversion coatings for Aluminum antirust treatment			2007/1/1 <sup>4)</sup>		
Chemical conversion coatings for Aluminum under coating			2007/1/1 <sup>4)</sup>		
Chemical conversion coatings for antirust treatment other than Aluminum			2007/1/1 <sup>4)</sup>		
Chemical conversion coatings for under coating other than Aluminum			2007/1/1 <sup>4)</sup>		
Hexavalent chromium in painting agent			2007/1/1 <sup>4)</sup>		
Hexavalent chromium in plastic or rubber			2007/1/1		
Mercury	S2	Discharge lamps and instrument panel displays	-		
Cadmium	S1	Thick film pastes	2006/7/1		
	S1	Cadmium for relay switch	2006/7/1		
	S2	Battery for electric vehicles	-		

Notes: regarding the Initiation date of the prohibition

- 1) The dedicated spare parts (after-parts) whose supply for production has been ended shall be handled as S2 restrictions; thus, initiation date of restriction shall not be set.
- 2) If it is difficult to substitute supply parts for production (including spare parts) until the initiation date of prohibition due to reasons of technology, facilities, etc., the individual deadline can be set again after preliminary deliberation.
- 3) The prohibition for parts manufactured or procured outside Japan will be effective from January 1, 2006.
- 4) The prohibition for marine product parts will be effective from January 1, 2008.

Notes: Conditions regarded as not containing Lead, Hexavalent Chromium, Mercury and Cadmium

- 5) If the substance's mass concentration <sup>5)</sup> is no more than 0.1wt% <sup>6)</sup> (0.01wt% for Cadmium), it shall be regarded as not containing EHS
- 6) The ratio of substance to its base material in mass: the substance is specified as compounds or impurity in homogeneous base material
- 6) The mass concentration of condition regarded as not containing EHS shall be no more than 0.4wt% for lead in Aluminum

**Table 3: Substances for Reduction and Control**

Lists substances targeted for reduction of inclusion or emissions limitation in products supplied.

	Category	Target Act
D object statutes  (Substances targeted for reduction of inclusion or emissions limitation in supplied products.)	Da	Specified hazardous substances under the Soil Contamination Countermeasures Act (Article 1 of the Enforcement Order)
	Da2	Substances where there is a risk of causing harm to human health under the Water Pollution Prevention Act (Article 2 of the Enforcement Order)
	Db	Greenhouse gases under the Act on Promotion of Global Warming Countermeasures (Article 2 of the Act, Articles 1 and 2 of the Enforcement Order)
	Dc	Priority Substances (Central Environment Council Report) among hazardous substances under the Air Pollution Prevention Act (Article 18.20 of the Act)
	Dd	Substances where there is a risk of causing harm to human health or living environment under the Air Pollution Prevention Act (Article 2 of the Act, Article 1 of the Enforcement Order)
	De	Substances regulated by the toxic release inventory (TRI) according to U.S Pollution Prevention Act (PPA)
	Df	Specified Class One Chemical Substances from Class One Designated Chemical Substances under the Act on Confirmation, etc. of Release Amounts of Specific Chemical Substances in the Environment and Promotion of Improvements to the Management Thereof. (Article 4 of the Enforcement Order)
	Dg	Harmful substances for which permission to manufacture should be received under the Industrial Safety and Health Act (Class One substances under Item (1) of the Appended Table 3)
	Dh	Reduction targeted substances by self-imposed standard: volatile organic compound: 5 substances (VOC and VOC of WHO classification)
	Di	Reduction targeted substances by self-imposed standard: halogen compound

Notes: When specified, category S substances take precedence.

**Table 4: Substances for Monitoring and Control of Use**

Lists substances of which monitoring and control of usage volume is required to enable ready disclosure.

	Category	Target Act
<b>C object statutes</b>  (Substances where management and understanding of used location, used process and usage volume is required to enable ready disclosure)	Ca	Poisons, deleterious substances and specified harmful substances under the Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Act (Article 2 of the Act and Appended Table 1, 2 and 3)
	Cb	Designated substances that fall within the category of waste materials regulated by the Basel Convention (Appendix I)
	Cc	Dangerous Goods and Harmful Substances, the names setc. of which are notifiable under the Occupational Health and Safety Act (Appended Table 9 of the Enforcement Order)
	Cd	Organic solvents in the Occupational Health and Safety Law (see 6.2 of separate enforcement regulations table)
	Ce	Substances specified by cabinet order of Air Pollution Control Law (Article 10 of enforcement regulations)
	Cf	Chemical substances suspected to have endocrine disruption actions
	Cg	The Class I designated chemical substances (Article 4 of enforcement regulations) of Law Concerning Reporting, etc. of Releases to the Environment of Specific Chemical Substances and Promoting Improvements in Their Management except for the category "Df"
	Ch	Substances listed in GADSL

Notes: When specified, category S and D substances take precedence.

**Reference: Definitions of Terms**

**GADSL:**

The GADSL (Global Automotive Declarable Substance List) is a list of substances to be declared and banned substances in the IMDS (International Material Data System) used in the automotive industry. ( URL : <http://www.gadsl.org/> )

## Revision Record 1

Revision No.	Date	Reasons and Contents of the Revision
1st	June 30, 2003	Add Dichloromethane to substances to be banned (Stated in page 5)
2nd	June 30, 2004	<p><b>&lt;Banned Substances&gt;</b> Add Azo Compounds and Dichloromethane.</p> <p><b>&lt;Substances to Seek Alternatives for&gt;</b> Delete Polyvinyl Chloride. Add Short chain type chloridization paraffin, and arsenic and its compounds. Reconfirm and revise all the utilization of object substances.</p>
3rd	December 29, 2004	<p>The scope of application expands from Yamaha Motor Co., Ltd. to Yamaha Motor group.</p> <p>Change “Expiry Date of the Exemption” to “Initiation date of the prohibition” in Table 2.</p> <p>Review starting date for the prohibition of Hexavalent Chromium in Table 2.</p> <p>Add zinc-iron alloy coating, zinc-nickel alloy coating for exemption utilization of Hexavalent Chromium.</p>
4th	August 1, 2005	<p>Add an expression of “in a spirit of self-imposed actions” in the Purpose for the Establishment.</p> <p>Add handling of guidelines at each operation, overseas company, and group company in order to fit with the specific characteristics of products and parts, and attributes of the regions.</p> <p>Delete the “Initiation Date of the Prohibition” for lead contained in “solder in electronic circuit boards and other electric applications” in the Table 2.</p> <p>Add handling of the spare parts in the Table 2.</p> <p>Add “Table 3: Substances for Reduction and Control.”</p> <p>Add handling of “C (Check, Control) Substances”</p>
5th	December 28, 2005	<p>Add the green procurement promotion method.</p> <p>Change handling of spare parts.</p> <p>Add C substance table.</p>
6th	July 1, 2006	<p>Change agency responsible for publishing to the Environment Planning and Promotion Committee.</p> <p>Handling of by-products of banned substances was clarified.</p> <p>Add 2-(2H-1, 2, 3 benzotriazole-2-yl)-4, 6-di/tert-butylphenol to the type-one substances specified in the Law Concerning Examination and Regulation of Manufacture and Handling of Chemical Substances (Table 1 and Table 2).</p>

## Revision Record 2

Revision No.	Date	Reasons and Contents of the Revision
7th	December 28, 2006	Add 2.2.2-Trichloro-1,1-Bis (4-Chlorophenil) ethanol (Kersen or Dicofol), Hexachlorobuta-1,3-diene to the Class I Specified Chemical Substances in Law Concerning the Evaluation of Chemical Substances and Regulation of their Manufacture, etc.
8th	July 1, 2007	Add overall schedule of reduction of environmentally hazardous substances to 1. Purpose for the Establishment and the Application Range.
9th	December 28, 2007	Manage Asbestos under a statutes with stricter regulation Review number of C (Check, Control) substances due to statutes revision Set a threshold for unintentionally contained Dichloromethane
10th	August 1, 2008	Add one banned substance
11th	July 30, 2010	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Revise definition of “D (Decrease) substances” and “C (Check, Control) substances”</li> <li>2. Additional Notes regarding the request for a Declaration of Non-inclusion of Environmentally Harmful Substances</li> <li>3. Change description of substitution deadline for dedicated supplementary parts</li> <li>4. Update information on revisions to laws pertaining to “D (Decrease) substances” and “C (Check, Control) substances”</li> </ol>
12th	November 22, 2010	Error correction of Table 1 (Banned Substances)
13th	April 27, 2012	<p>Revision of the Purpose for the Establishment Changed from “Global Environmental Policy” to “Approach Regarding the Global Environment.”</p> <p>Revision of the scope of application of Environmentally Hazardous Substances.</p> <p>Deleted exemption utilization of “2-(2H-1, 2, 3-benzotriazole-2-yl)-4, 6-di-tert-butylphenol” from Table 1 “Banned Substances.”</p> <p>Added “PFOS or its Salts” to Table 1 “Banned Substances.”</p> <p>Correction in Table 2 “Substances to Seek Alternative for.”</p> <p>Deleted Sc “2-(2H-1, 2, 3 benzotriazole-2-yl)-4, 6-di/tert-butylphenol” and Sh “1,2,5,6,9,10-Hexabromocyclododecane” from Table 2 “Substances to Seek Alternative for” due to the status change from region/application restriction to global application.</p> <p>Revision to notes for Table 2 “Conditions regarded as not containing.”</p>

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